

#### General practice: the past, the present, the future

Dr Victoria Tzortziou Brown Vice Chair External Affairs, Royal College of General Practitioners, UK



#### Déclaration des liens d'intérêts







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# History of general practice

16th, 17th and early 18th century: no restrictions on who could practise medicine

Mid-18<sup>th</sup> century: apothecary apprenticeships and the beginning of medical training –not doctors

Early 19th century: all new entrants to general practice to acquire the Licence of the Society of Apothecaries (LSA).

1920s and 30s: poverty, working people on a low income had insurance but this did not include children or the elderly

1948: National Health Service (NHS). GPs became the 'gatekeepers' to hospital services. No formal GP training. Many GPs were working from their own homes.



### RCGP

- Founded in 1952: To encourage, foster, and maintain the highest possible standards for general practice
- The largest of the Medical Royal Colleges
- Over 54,000 members
- 32 Faculties
- Council
- Cum Scientia Caritas Compassion [empowered] with Knowledge.



#### Workload

#### Change in appointments delivered per FTE in previous 12 months compared to pre- IfG pandemic levels, by staff group





- General practice: 31.9 million consultations in November 2023
- A&E: 2 million consultations/month
- In 1953, GPs were visiting 12-30 people each day and seeing 15-50 patients in their practices
- Today GP appointments are usually 10-15 minutes long-but significantly more complexity

#### Workforce







- GPs in training formed 27% of the FTE workforce in September 2023, compared to 19% in December • 2019 and 15% in 2015.
- In November 2023, there were 6,355 GP practices, 7.0% fewer than in 2019 ullet

### Health Inequalities

GPs in deprived parts of England receive 7% less funding per need-adjusted patient than GPs in affluent areas.

Practices in areas of high deprivation have on average 300 (14.4%) more patients per fully qualified GP.



# Climate change and planetary health

"Climate change is a threat to human wellbeing and planetary health. Any further delay in concerted anticipatory global action on adaptation and mitigation will miss a brief and rapidly closing window of opportunity to secure a liveable and sustainable future for all."

Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change



• Primary care makes up 23% of the NHS's emissions.

• Approximately 16% of general practice's emissions come from energy use.

#### Overdiagnosis and overprescribing

It has been estimated that 60% of care on average is in line with evidence- or consensus-based guidelines, 30% of medical care is of low value or wastes resources, and 10% is harmful.<sup>1</sup>

10% of dispensed items are overprescribed and approximately 15% of hospital admissions in over-65s are caused by the adverse effects of medicines.

.1. Braithwaite J, Glasziou P, Westbrook J. The three numbers you need to know about healthcare: the 60-30-10 Challenge. BMC Med2020;18:102. https://bmcmedicine.biomedcentral.com/counter/pdf/10.1186/s12916-020-01563-4.pdf. doi:10.1186/s12916-020-01563-4 pmid:32362273C



therapy

would you

### Workload

- Manifesto: national alert system to flag unsafe levels of workload
- Manifesto: Resources to reflect any shifts of workload to the community
- Manifesto: Free up GPs to spend time with patients
- Understanding workload and bureaucracy





#### Definition of a GP

"A GP is a doctor who is a **consultant in general practice**.

GPs have **distinct expertise and experience** in providing **whole person** medical care whilst managing the **complexity, uncertainty and risk** associated with the **continuous** care they provide.

GPs work at the heart of their **communities**, striving to provide **comprehensive** and **equitable** care for everyone, taking into account their health care needs, stage of life and background.

GPs work in, connect with and **lead multidisciplinary teams** that care for people and their families, respecting the context in which they live, aiming to ensure all of their physical and mental health needs are met."

#### Workforce



- Manifesto: A new nationally funded
  'one-stop-shop' retention programme.
- Manifesto: Investment in training capacity in general practice.
- Manifesto: Guarantee permanent residence for international medical graduates to make sure they can work in the NHS

# Health inequalities

 Manifesto: Provide more support to patients in deprived communities

#### Humanity's

greatest advances are not in its discoveries, but in how those discoveries are applied to reduce inequality.

~Bill Gates

Tower Hamlets: Calpol most shoplifted item in borough

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# Planetary health

- Manifesto: Give every patient access to a modern, fit-for-purpose general practice building.
- Planetary health events and faculty activities supported by our faculty planetary health leads
- E-learning resources
- RCGP as an organization: actions to reduce carbon emissions







# Opportunities

- Data
- Research
- Innovation





#### Challenges

#### Over half a million patients forced to swap GP surgeries after closures last year, investigation finds

Name & Marriel

"Practice closures, because pressures mean they are no longer safe or sustainable to keep running, are incredibly serious - and hearthreaking for everyone involved." GP leaders say Are Metheman Ring Health Correspondent (13 days age 1 to commune.











#### Panorama Health Service, BBC 1967













